1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Marbox 100 mg/ml solution for injection for cattle and pigs

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each ml contains: Active substance: Marbofloxacin

100.0 mg

| Excipients: | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Qualitative composition of excipients and other | | |
| constituents | | |
| Glucono-delta-lactone. | | |
| Water for injections. | | |

Clear yellow solution.

3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

3.1 Target species

Cattle and pigs (sows).

3.2 Indications for use for each target species

Cattle:

Therapeutic treatment of respiratory infections caused by sensitive strains of *Pasteurella multocida*, *Mannheimia haemolytica* and *Histophilus somni*.

Therapeutic treatment of acute mastitis caused by *E. coli* strains sensitive to marbofloxacin during the lactation period.

Sows:

Treatment of Metritis Mastitis Agalactia Syndrome caused by bacterial strains sensitive to marbofloxacin.

3.3 Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or other (fluoro)quinolones or to any of the excipients.

Do not use in case of confirmed or suspected resistance to fluoroquinolones (cross resistance).

3.4 Special warnings

None.

3.5 Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species

Use of the veterinary medicinal product should be based on susceptibility testing and has to take into account official and local antimicrobial policies.

It is prudent to reserve the fluoroquinolones for the treatment of clinical conditions that have responded poorly, or are expected to respond poorly, to other classes of antibiotics.

Use of the veterinary medicinal product deviating from the instructions given in the SPC may increase the prevalence of bacteria resistant to the fluoroquinolones and may decrease the effectiveness of treatment with other quinolones due to the potential for cross resistance.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

People with known hypersensitivity to (fluoro)quinolones should avoid any contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

If the veterinary medicinal product comes into contact with the skin or eyes, rinse with copious amounts of water.

Take care to avoid accidental self-injection since it can induce a slight irritation.

In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet to the physician.

Wash hands after use.

<u>Special precautions for the protection of the environment:</u> Not applicable.

3.6 Adverse events

Cattle:

| Undetermined frequency | Injection site pain ^{1,3} , Injection site inflammation ^{1,2} , Injection site fibrosis ^{1,2} , Injection site oedema ³ |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | injection site norosis", injection site oedenia |

¹ After intramuscular injection. Transient.

² Slight. The process of cicatrisation starts rapidly (varying from fibrosis to synthesis of extracellular matrice and collagen) and may persist for at least 15 days after injection.

³ After subcutaneous injection. Slight to moderate.

| Pigs | (sows): |
|-------|-----------|
| I Igo | (30 1 3). |

| Undetermined frequency | Injection site oedema ¹ , Injection site inflammation ² |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

¹ Very transient, slight

² Mild, persisting for 12 days after injection.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

3.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Pregnancy and lactation:

Laboratory studies in rats and rabbits have not produced any evidence of a teratogenic, embryotoxic or maternotoxic effect.

Safety of the veterinary medicinal product at 2 mg/kg has been shown in cows during gestation and in suckling pigs and calves when used in sows and cows.

Safety of the veterinary medicinal product at 8 mg/kg has not been determined in pregnant cows or in suckling calves when used in cows. Use only according to the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

None known.

3.9 Administration routes and dosage

Cattle:

Intramuscular use:

- Respiratory infections:

8 mg marbofloxacin/kg bodyweight i.e. 2 ml of solution/25 kg bodyweight in a single injection. If the volume to be injected is more than 20 ml, it should be divided between two or more injection sites.

Subcutaneous use:

- Acute mastitis:

2 mg marbofloxacin/kg i.e. 1 ml of solution/50 kg bodyweight in a single daily injection, for 3 days. The first injection may also be given by the intravenous route too.

Sows:

Intramuscular use:

2 mg marbofloxacin/kg i.e.1 ml of solution/50kg bodyweight in a single daily injection by intramuscular route, for 3 days.

To ensure a correct dosage body weight should be determined as accurately as possible. As the vial cannot be broached more than 45 times, the user should choose the most appropriate vial size according to the target species to treat.

For the injections, the neck should be preferred in cattle and pigs.

3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures, and antidotes)

No sign of overdosage has been observed in cattle after administration of 3 times the recommended dose.

Overdosage may cause signs such as acute neurological disorders which should be treated symptomatically.

3.11. Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

3.12 Withdrawal periods

Cattle:

Intramuscular: Meat and offal: 3 days - Milk : 72 hours. Subcutaneous: Meat and offal: 6 days - Milk: 36 hours.

Sows:

Intramuscular: Meat and offal: 4 days.

4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION

4.1 ATCvet code:

QJ01MA93

4.2 Pharmacodynamics

Marbofloxacin is a synthetic, bactericidal antimicrobial, belonging to the fluoroquinolone group, which acts by inhibition of DNA gyrase. It has a broad-spectrum activity *in vitro* against Gram-negative bacteria (*Pasteurella multocida, Mannheimia haemolytica, Histophilus somni, E. coli*) and against Gram-positive bacteria (in particular *Staphylococcus*). Resistance to *Streptococcus* may occur.

Strains with MIC $\leq 1 \ \mu g/ml$ are sensitive to marbofloxacin whereas strains with MIC > 2 $\mu g/ml$ are resistant to marbofloxacin.

Resistance to fluoroquinolones occurs by chromosomal mutation with three mechanisms: decrease of the bacterial wall permeability, expression of efflux pump or mutation of enzymes responsible for molecule binding.

4.3 Pharmacokinetics

Cattle- Intramuscular route

After a single intramuscular administration at the recommended dose of 8 mg/kg, the maximum plasma concentration of marbofloxacin (Cmax) is 8 μ g/ml reached in approximatively 1 hour (Tmax). Marbofloxacin is eliminated slowly (terminal T1/2 = 9.5 h), predominantly in the active form in urine and faeces.

Cattle- Subcutaneous route

After subcutaneous administration at the recommended dose of 2 mg/kg, marbofloxacin is readily absorbed and reaches maximal plasma concentrations of 1.7 μ g/ml in approximately 1 hour. The terminal elimination half-life (t_{1/2}) of marbofloxacin is 5.6 hours.

Pigs- Intramuscular route

After intramuscular administration at the recommended dose of 2 mg/kg, marbofloxacin is readily absorbed and reaches maximal plasma concentrations of 1.7 μ g/ml in approximately 1 hour. The terminal elimination half-life (t_{1/2}) of marbofloxacin is 8.7 hours.

Its bioavailability is close to 100 %.

Marbofloxacin is weakly bound to plasma proteins (less than 10% in pigs and 30% in cattle), extensively distributed and in most tissues (liver, kidney, skin, lung, bladder, uterus) it achieves higher concentrations than in plasma.

Marbofloxacin is eliminated predominantly in the active form in urine and faeces.

5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

5.1 Major incompatibilities

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

5.2 Shelf life

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 3 years. Shelf-life after first opening the immediate packaging: 28 days.

5.3 Special precautions for storage

Keep the container in the outer carton in order to protect from light.

5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

<u>Primary packaging:</u> Amber PP/Ethylene vinyl alcohol/PP multi-layer plastic vials. Type I chlorobutyl rubber stopper Aluminium and plastic flip capsule.

<u>Pack size</u> Cardboard box containing one 50 ml vial Cardboard box containing one 100 ml vial Cardboard box containing one 250 ml vial Cardboard box containing one 500 ml vial

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Ceva Santé Animale

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

VPA10815/014/001

8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

10 December 2010

9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

13 December 2024

10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database (*https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary/*).