

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Labimycin LA 300 mg/ml solution for injection

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each ml contains:

Active substance:

Oxytetracycline	300 mg
(as Oxytetracycline dihydrate)	323.5 mg)

Excipients:

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents	Quantitative composition if that information is essential for proper administration of the veterinary medicinal product
Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate	4 mg
Magnesium oxide, light	
Ethanolamine	
Dimethylacetamide	
Water for injections	

A clear dark amber solution free from visible particles.

3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

3.1. Target species

Cattle, sheep and pigs.

3.2. Indications for use, for each target species

Treatment of systemic, respiratory, urinary and local infections. Specific indications include pasteurellosis, pneumonia, atrophic rhinitis, erysipelas, arthritis, omphalitis and supportive therapy of intramammary infections.

3.3. Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance(s) or to any of the excipients.

Do not use in cases of suspected renal or hepatic damage.

3.4. Special warnings

Cross resistance has been shown between oxytetracycline and other tetracyclines. Use of the product should be carefully considered when susceptibility testing has shown resistance to tetracyclines because its effectiveness may be reduced.

3.5. Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

If administered simultaneously with other treatments, use a separate injection site. Use of the product should be based on identification and susceptibility testing of the target pathogen(s). If this is not possible, therapy should be based on epidemiological information and knowledge of susceptibility of the target pathogens at farm level, or at local/regional level.

Narrow spectrum antibiotic therapy with a lower risk of antimicrobial resistance selection should be used for first line treatment where susceptibility testing suggests the likely efficacy of this approach.

The feeding of waste milk containing residues of oxytetracycline to calves should be avoided up to the end of the milk withdrawal period (except during the colostrum phase), because it could select antimicrobial-resistant bacteria within the intestinal microbiota of the calf and increase the faecal shedding of these bacteria.

Use of the product should be in accordance with official, national and regional antimicrobial policies.

The veterinary medicinal product should not be used in neonates or dehydrated animals.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

This veterinary medicinal product contains dimethylacetamide, which has been shown to have the potential to affect the development of unborn children. Pregnant women and women of child-bearing age should not administer the veterinary medicinal product.

This veterinary medicinal product may cause sensitisation.

People with known hypersensitivity to tetracyclines, such as oxytetracycline, should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

This veterinary medicinal product may cause skin and eye irritation.

Avoid contact of the skin and eyes with the veterinary medicinal product. In case of accidental spillage onto skin or eyes, rinse the affected area with large amounts of water.

Take care to avoid accidental injection. In case of self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Wash hands after use

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

3.6. Adverse events

Cattle, sheep and pigs:

Very common	Injection site swelling ¹ , injection site induration ¹
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(>1 animal / 10 animals treated):	
Very rare (<1 animal / 10 000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	Hypersensitivity reaction ² Anaphylaxis ² Photosensitivity ³

¹ Mild reactions may be observed for up to 1 to 4 weeks.

² Sometimes fatal. Administer appropriate symptomatic treatment.

³ Especially in animals with little skin pigmentation, under the influence of intense sunlight.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See also the last section of the package leaflet for respective contact details.

3.7. Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Pregnancy and lactation:

The use is not recommended during pregnancy. The use of tetracyclines during the period of tooth and bone development, including the last part of gestation, can lead (due to their potent calcium chelating capacity) to discoloration and inhibition of bone growth.

3.8. Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

If administered simultaneously with other treatments, the injections should be given at different sites.

Oxytetracycline should not be administered simultaneously with bactericidal antimicrobials, such as penicillins and cephalosporins.

Divalent or trivalent cations (Mg, Fe, Al, Ca) can chelate tetracyclines.

3.9. Administration routes and dosage

Intramuscular use.

The veterinary medicinal product can be administered at the single dose of 20 mg/kg bodyweight (equivalent to 1ml of the veterinary medicinal product/15 kg of bodyweight) to achieve a duration of action of 3 to 4 days or at the single dose of 30 mg/kg bodyweight (equivalent to 1ml of the veterinary medicinal product/10 kg of bodyweight) to achieve a duration of action of 5 to 6 days.

The choice of the dose used should be based on the judgement of the responsible veterinarian.

Piglets (based on age): 1 day: 0.2 ml
7 days: 0.3 ml
14 days: 0.4 ml
21 days: 0.5 ml

To ensure a correct dosage body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

The maximum injection volume per injection site is 10 ml (for cattle), 7 ml (for pigs) and 5 ml (for sheep).

The rubber stopper of the vial may be safely punctured up to 50 times.

3.10. Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes, antidotes)

The most common clinical signs are gastro-intestinal disorders.

In the case of administration of twice the therapeutic dose in cattle a severe local reaction can occur.

3.11 Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

3.12. Withdrawal periods

Cattle:

Meat and offal: 35 days

Milk: 10 days (240 hours)

Sheep:

Meat and offal: 35 days

Milk: 9 days (216 hours)

Pigs:

Meat and offal: 28 days

4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION

4.1 ATCvet code : QJ01AA06

4.2. Pharmacodynamics

Oxytetracycline is a broad spectrum antibiotic effective against both Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria with a bacteriostatic effect. Oxytetracycline binds to 70S and 80S ribosomes blocking the attachment of aminoacyl-transfer RNA to the ribosomal messenger RNA thereby blocking the ability of bacteria to produce proteins. This prevents the bacteria from growing and multiplying.

A wide range of Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria are susceptible to oxytetracycline, including *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, *Trueperella pyogenes*, *Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae*, *Pasteurella* spp, *Staphylococcus* spp and *Streptococcus* spp.

Other: *Mycoplasma* spp. rickettsiae, protozoa and *Chlamydia* spp.

4.3. Pharmacokinetics

With this veterinary medicinal product, a prolonged action is achieved, resulting in sustained antibacterial activity. After a single intramuscular injection of this veterinary medicinal product at a dose of 20 mg/kg, maximum plasma oxytetracycline concentrations of 3.3, 5.0 and 6.92 µg/ml, at 3.9; 8.0 and 3.6 hours after administration in pigs, cattle and sheep, respectively. At this dose, levels above 0.5 µg/ml can be maintained for up to 4 days in pigs, 3 days in cattle and up to 3 (2.75) days in sheep. When this veterinary medicinal product is administered at a dose of 30 mg/kg, the maximum concentrations of oxytetracycline that are reached in the plasma of pigs, cattle and sheep are 4.2, 5.8 and 6 µg/ml respectively at 4.3, 4.0 and 5.2 hours after administration.

At this dose, therapeutic levels above 0.5 µg/ml can be maintained for up to 5-6 days in pigs, up to 4-5 days in cattle and 5-6 days in sheep.

Environmental properties:

Oxytetracycline is persistent in soil.

5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

5.1. Major incompatibilities

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

5.2. Shelf life

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 18 months

Shelf-life after first opening the immediate packaging: 28 days

5.3. Special precautions for storage

Store below 25°C

Keep the vial in the outer carton in order to protect from light.

5.4. Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Amber glass vials type I closed with bromobutyl rubber stoppers Ph. Eur. type I and aluminium caps.

Pack sizes

Box containing 1 vial of 50 ml

Box containing 1 vial of 100 ml

Box containing 1 vial of 250 ml

Box containing 12 vials of 50ml

Box containing 10 vials of 100ml

Box containing 10 vials of 250ml

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

5.5. Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products.

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned."

6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Labiana Life Sciences, S.A.

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

VPA10402/008/001

8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

23/08/2024

9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

21/01/2026

10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database.