

**IRISH MEDICINES BOARD ACTS 1995 AND 2006**

**MEDICINAL PRODUCTS(CONTROL OF PLACING ON THE MARKET)REGULATIONS,2007**

**(S.I. No.540 of 2007)**

**PA1241/004/002**

Case No: 2036420

The Irish Medicines Board in exercise of the powers conferred on it by the above mentioned Regulations hereby grants to

**Astellas Pharma Co. Ltd**

**25 The Courtyard, Kilcarbery Business Park, Clondalkin, Dublin 22, Ireland**

an authorisation, subject to the provisions of the said Regulations, in respect of the product

**Locoid C Ointment**

The particulars of which are set out in Part I and Part II of the attached Schedule. The authorisation is also subject to the general conditions as may be specified in the said Regulations as listed on the reverse of this document.

This authorisation, unless previously revoked, shall continue in force from **14/10/2007**.

Signed on behalf of the Irish Medicines Board this

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A person authorised in that behalf by the said Board.

## Part II

### Summary of Product Characteristics

#### 1 NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Locoid C Ointment

#### 2 QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

The ointment contains Hydrocortisone butyrate 0.1% w/w and Chlorquinaldol 3.0% w/w.

For a full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

#### 3 PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Ointment

Buff coloured, translucent soft fatty ointment.

#### 4 CLINICAL PARTICULARS

##### 4.1 Therapeutic Indications

The product is recommended for clinical use in treatment of conditions responsive to topical corticosteroids, e.g. eczema, dermatitis and psoriasis where there is concurrent infection by a micro-organism susceptible to chlorquinaldol, or where such infection is to be prevented.

Topical corticosteroids are not generally indicated in psoriasis but may be acceptable in psoriasis excluding widespread plaque psoriasis provided warnings are given, see section 4.4 Special warnings and special precautions for use.

##### 4.2 Posology and method of administration

For topical application.

Dosage: to be applied evenly and sparingly two or three times daily. Application may be made under occlusion in the more resistant lesions such as thickened psoriatic plaques on elbows and knees. Overnight occlusion is usually sufficient to give a satisfactory response.

Adults and the elderly: the same dose is used for adults and the elderly, as clinical evidence would indicate that no special dosage regimen is necessary in the elderly.

Children and infants: long term treatment should be avoided and occlusion should not be used. Courses should be limited to seven days where possible.

##### 4.3 Contraindications

Hypersensitivity to hydrocortisone or to any of the ingredients of the ointment.

This preparation is contraindicated in the presence of untreated viral or fungal infections, tubercular or syphilitic lesions, peri-oral dermatitis, acne vulgaris and rosacea and in bacterial infections (other than those responsive to topical chlorquinaldol at the site of application) unless used in connection with appropriate chemotherapy.

#### **4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use**

Although generally regarded as safe, even for long-term administration in adults, there is a potential for adverse effects if over used in infancy. Extreme caution is required in dermatoses of infancy including napkin eruption. In such patients courses of treatment should not normally exceed 7 days.

Application under occlusion should be restricted to dermatoses involving limited areas.

As with all corticosteroids, application to the face, flexures and other areas of thin skin may cause skin atrophy and increased absorption and should be avoided.

Topical corticosteroids may be hazardous in psoriasis for a number of reasons including rebound relapse following development of tolerance, risk of generalised pustular psoriasis and local and systemic toxicity due to impaired barrier function of the skin. Steroids may have a place in psoriasis of the scalp and chronic plaque psoriasis of the hands and feet. Careful patient supervision is important.

Keep away from the eyes.

#### **4.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction**

None known.

#### **4.6 Pregnancy and lactation**

There is inadequate evidence of safety in human pregnancy. Topical administration of corticosteroids to pregnant animals can cause abnormalities of foetal development including cleft palate and intra-uterine growth retardation. There may therefore be a very small risk of such effects in the human foetus.

Theoretically, there is the possibility that if maternal systemic absorption occurred the infant's adrenal function could be affected.

The safety of topical corticosteroids during lactation has not been established. The potential benefit of topical corticosteroids, if used during lactation, should be weighed against possible hazard to the nursing infant.

#### **4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines**

None known.

#### **4.8 Undesirable effects**

Local atrophic changes may occur particularly in skin folds, intertriginous areas or in nappy areas in young children where moist conditions favour hydrocortisone absorption. Systemic absorption from such sites may be sufficient to produce hypercorticism and suppression of the pituitary adrenal axis after prolonged treatment. This effect is more likely to occur in infants and children and if occlusive dressings are used or large areas of skin treated. Napkins may act as occlusive dressings.

#### **4.9 Overdose**

Excessive use, especially under occlusive dressings or over a long period of time, may produce adrenal suppression. No special procedures or antidote. Treat any adverse effects symptomatically.

## **5 PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES**

### **5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties**

Moderately potent corticosteroids (Group 2) ATC D07AB

The active substance is a well-established topical corticosteroid, with an activity classified as potent.

Chlorquinaldol is an established anti-infectious agent with an anti-bacterial and anti-fungal activity.

### **5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties**

In-vivo studies have demonstrated the topical activity of the product, e.g. by the McKenzie-Stoughton test.

### **5.3 Preclinical safety data**

No relevant pre-clinical safety data has been generated.

## **6 PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **6.1 List of excipients**

Polyethylene oleogel (liquid paraffin, polyethylene)

### **6.2 Incompatibilities**

None known.

### **6.3 Shelf Life**

4 years.

### **6.4 Special precautions for storage**

Do not store above 25°C.

### **6.5 Nature and contents of container**

Aluminium tube with plastic cap containing 30 g or 100 g.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **6.6 Special precautions for disposal of a used medicinal product or waste materials derived from such medicinal product and other handling of the product**

Chlorquinaldol may stain bedding or clothing; it may temporarily darken skin or hair.

**7 MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Astellas Pharma Co. Ltd.  
25 The Courtyard  
Kilcarbery Business Park  
Clondalkin  
Dublin 22  
Ireland

**8 MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER**

PA 1241/4/2

**9 DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION**

Date of first authorisation: 14 October 1977

Date of last renewal: 14 October 2007

**10 DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT**

October 2007