

PACKAGE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE USER

<TRADENAME> 75mg/650 mg prolonged-release tablets

Tramadol hydrochloride/Paracetamol

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, please ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.
- If any of the side effects gets serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

In this leaflet:

1. What <TRADENAME> is and what it is used for
2. Before you take <TRADENAME>
3. How to take <TRADENAME>
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store <TRADENAME>
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1. WHAT <TRADEMARK> IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

<TRADENAME> is a combination of two analgesics, tramadol and paracetamol, which act together to relieve your pain.

<TRADENAME> is intended for use in the treatment of moderate to severe pain when your doctor recommends that a combination of tramadol and paracetamol is needed.

<TRADENAME> should only be taken by adults and adolescents over 12 years.

2. BEFORE YOU TAKE <TRADEMARK>

Do not take <TRADENAME>

- If you have had an allergic reaction (for instance skin rash, swelling of the face, wheezing or difficulty breathing) after taking tramadol or paracetamol or any of the other ingredients in <TRADENAME>;
- In acute poisoning with alcohol, sleeping pills, pain relievers or other psychotropic medicines (medicines that affect mood and emotions);
- If you are also taking MAO inhibitors (certain medicines used for treatment of depression or Parkinson's disease) or have taken them in the last 14 days before treatment with <TRADENAME>;
- If you suffer from a severe liver disorder;
- If you have epilepsy that is not adequately controlled on your current medicine.

Take special care with <TRADENAME> if you

- Take other medicines containing paracetamol or tramadol;
- Have liver problems or liver disease or if you notice your eyes and skin turning yellow. This may suggest jaundice or problems with your bile ducts.
- Have kidney problems;
- Have severe difficulties in breathing for example asthma or severe lung problems;
- Have epilepsy or have already experienced fits or seizures;
- Have recently suffered from a head injury, shock or severe headaches associated with vomiting;
- Are dependent on any medicines including those used to relieve pain, for example morphine;

- Take other medicines to treat pain that contain buprenorphine, nalbuphine or pentazocine;
- Are going to have an anaesthetic. Tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking <TRADENAME>.

If any of the above-mentioned points applied to you in the past or applies to you while you are taking <TRADENAME>, please make sure your doctor knows. He/she can then decide whether you should continue to use this medicine.

Taking other medicines

Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription.

Important: This medicine contains paracetamol and tramadol. Tell your doctor if you are taking *any other medicine containing paracetamol or tramadol*, so that you do not exceed the maximum daily doses.

*You **must not** take <TRADENAME> together with monoamine oxidase inhibitors (“MAOIs”) (see section “Do not take <TRADENAME>”).*

<TRADENAME> is not recommended to be taken with the following

- Carbamazepine (a medicine commonly used to treat epilepsy or some types of pain such as severe pain attacks in the face called trigeminal neuralgia).
- Buprenorphine, nalbuphine or pentazocine (opioid-type pain relievers). The pain-relieving effect may be reduced.

The risk of side effects increases, if you also take

- Triptans (for migraine) or selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitors, “SSRIs” (for depression). If you experience confusion, restlessness, fever, sweating, uncoordinated movement of limbs or eyes, uncontrollable jerking of muscles or diarrhoea you should call your doctor.
- Tranquillizers, sleeping pills, other pain relievers such as morphine and codeine (also as cough medicine), baclofen (a muscle relaxant) medicines used to lower blood pressure, antidepressants or medicines to treat allergies. You may feel drowsy or feel faint. If this happens, tell your doctor.
- Antidepressants, anaesthetics, neuroleptics (medicines that affect the state of mind) or bupropion (to help stop smoking). The risk having a fit may increase. Your doctor will tell you whether <TRADENAME> is suitable for you.
- Warfarin or phenprocoumon (for blood thinning). The effectiveness of such medicines may be altered and bleeding may occur. Any prolonged or unexpected bleeding should be reported to your doctor immediately.

The effectiveness of <TRADENAME> may be altered if you also take

- Metoclopramide, domperidone or ondansetron (medicines for treatment of nausea and vomiting),
- Cholestyramine (medicine to reduce cholesterol in the blood),
- Ketoconazole or erythromycin (medicines against infections).

Your doctor will tell you which medicines are safe to take with <TRADENAME>.

Taking <TRADENAME> with food and drink

<TRADENAME> may make you feel drowsy. Alcohol may make you feel more drowsy, so it is best not to drink alcohol while you are taking <TRADENAME>.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

As <TRADENAME> contains tramadol, you should not take this medicine during pregnancy. If you become pregnant during treatment with <TRADENAME>, please consult your doctor before taking any further tablets.

Small amounts of tramadol may pass into the breast-milk. Therefore you should not take this medicine during breast-feeding.

Driving and using machines

<TRADENAME> may make you feel drowsy and this may affect your ability to drive, or use tools and machines, safely.

Important information about some of the ingredients of <TRADENAME>

<TRADENAME> contains the colouring agent sunset yellow which may cause allergic reactions.

3. HOW TO TAKE <TRADEMARK>

Always take <TRADENAME> exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

You should take <TRADENAME> for as short a time as possible.
The use in children below the age of 12 years is not recommended.

Unless otherwise prescribed by your doctor, the usual starting dose for adults and adolescents over 12 years is one or two tablets.

If required, further doses may be taken, as recommended by your doctor. The shortest time between doses must be at least 12 hours.

Do not take more than 4 <TRADENAME> prolonged-release tablets per day.

Do not take <TRADENAME> more often than your doctor has told you.

Your doctor may increase the time between doses

- If you are older than 75 years,
- If you have kidney problems or
- If you have liver problems.

Method of administration:

The tablets are for oral use.

Swallow the tablets whole with sufficient liquid. They should not be broken or chewed.

If you think that the effect of <TRADENAME> is too strong (that is, you feel very drowsy or have difficulty breathing) or too weak (that is, you have inadequate pain relief), contact your doctor.

If you take more <TRADENAME> than you should

In such cases please contact your doctor or pharmacist immediately even if you feel well. There is a risk of liver damage which may only show later.

If you forget to take <TRADENAME>

If you forget to take the tablets, pain is likely to return. Do not take a double dose to make up for forgotten individual doses, simply continue taking the tablets as before.

If you stop taking <TRADENAME>

Generally there will be no after-effects when treatment with <TRADENAME> is stopped. However, on rare occasions, people who have been taking tramadol for some time may feel unwell if they stop treatment abruptly (see section 4 "Possible Side Effects"). If you have been taking <TRADENAME> for some time, you should talk to your doctor if you want to stop because your body may have become used to it.

If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, <TRADENAME> can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. Possible side effects are listed below and classified as:

Very common: affects more than 1 user in 10

Common: affects 1 to 10 users in 100

Uncommon: affects 1 to 10 users in 1,000

Rare: affects 1 to 10 users in 10,000

Very rare: affects less than 1 user in 10,000

Not known: frequency cannot be estimated from the available data

Very common:

- Nausea,
- Dizziness, drowsiness.

Common:

- Vomiting, digestion problems (constipation, flatulence, diarrhoea), stomach pain, dry mouth,
- Itching, sweating,
- Headache, shaking,
- Confusion, sleep disorders, mood changes (anxiety, nervousness, a feeling of high spirits).

Uncommon:

- Increase in pulse or blood pressure, heart rate or heart rhythm disorders,
- Difficulty or pain on passing water,
- Skin reactions (for example rashes, hives),
- Tingling, numbness or feeling of pins and needles in the limbs, ringing in the ear, involuntary muscle twitching,
- Depression, nightmares, hallucinations (hearing, seeing or sensing things that are not really there), memory lapses,
- Difficulty swallowing, blood in the stools,
- Shivering, hot flushes, pain in the chest,
- Difficulty breathing,
- Increase in liver enzymes (hepatic transaminases)

Rare:

- Fits, difficulties in carrying out coordinated movements,
- Addiction,
- Blurred vision.

The following are recognised side effects which have been reported by people using medicines that contain only tramadol or only paracetamol. However, if you experience any of these while taking <TRADENAME>, you should tell your doctor:

- Feeling faint when getting up from a lying or sitting position, slow heart rate, fainting, changes in appetite, muscle weakness, slower or weaker breathing, mood changes, changes in activity, changes in perception, worsening of existing asthma.
- In some rare cases a skin rash, indicating an allergic reaction, may develop with sudden swelling of the face and neck, difficulties breathing or drop of blood pressure and fainting. If this happens to you, stop treatment and see a doctor immediately. You must not take the medicine again.

In rare cases, using a medicine of the type of tramadol may make you become dependent on it, making it hard to stop taking it.

On rare occasions, people who have been taking tramadol for some time may feel unwell if they stop treatment abruptly. They may feel agitated, anxious, nervous or shaky. They may be hyperactive, have difficulty sleeping and have stomach or bowel disorders. Very few people may also get panic attacks,

hallucinations, unusual perceptions such as itching, tingling and numbness, and noise in the ears (tinnitus). If you experience any of these complaints after stopping <TRADENAME>, please consult your doctor.

In exceptional cases blood tests may reveal certain abnormalities, for instance, low counts of blood platelets, which may result in nose bleeds or bleeding gums.

Use of <TRADENAME> together with medicines used to thin the blood (e.g. phenprocoumon, warfarin) may increase the bleeding risk. Any prolonged or unexpected bleeding should be reported to your doctor immediately.

If any of the side effects gets serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

5. HOW TO STORE <TRADEMARK>

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.

Do not use the <TRADENAME> after the expiry date which is printed on the bottle, carton and the edge of the blister after [EXP.:]. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. FURTHER INFORMATION

What <TRADENAME> contains

- The active substances are tramadol hydrochloride and paracetamol.
One prolonged-release tablet contains 75 mg tramadol hydrochloride and 650 mg paracetamol.
- The other ingredients are:
Tablet core: Microcrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, silica colloidal anhydrous, sodium stearyl fumarate, sunset yellow E110, hydroxypropyl distarch phosphate (E1442), copovidone, pregelatinised maize starch, hypromellose type 2208.

Film-coating: Polydextrose, Hypromellose, Talc, Maltodextrin, Medium chain triglycerides

What <TRADENAME> looks like and contents of the pack

<TRADENAME> are bi-layered biconvex oval shaped prolonged-release tablets, consisting of an immediate-release layer (light peach) and a prolonged-release layer (white to off-white).

The tablets are embossed “DDS 082” on the face of light peach layer.

<TRADENAME> comes in blisters of 3, 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 90 or 100 tablets or bottles of 60 and 180 tablets.

Not all pack sizes will be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Paladin Labs Europe Limited
Unit 5, The Seapoint Building
44/45 Clontarf Road

Dublin 3
Ireland

Manufacturer

Grünenthal GmbH
Zieglerstrasse 6
52078 Aachen
Germany

This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Czech Republic | Zaldiar retard |
| Spain | Tramadol/Paracetamol retard Labopharm |
| Iceland | Zaldiar retard |
| Ireland | Tramadol / Paracetamol |
| Poland | Zaldiar retard |
| Portugal | Zaldiar retard |
| Slovenia | Zaldiar retard |
| Slovakia | Zaldiar retard |

This leaflet was approved in 02/2013