

Package leaflet: Information for the user
Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets
Bicalutamide

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What Bicalutamide is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Bicalutamide
3. How to take Bicalutamide
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Bicalutamide
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Bicalutamide is and what it is used for

Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets contains a medicine called bicalutamide. This belongs to a group of medicines called ‘anti-androgens’.

- Bicalutamide is used to treat prostate cancer.
- It works by blocking the effects of male hormones such as testosterone.

2. What you need to know before you take Bicalutamide

Do not take Bicalutamide:

- if you are allergic to bicalutamide or any of the other ingredient of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- if you are already taking a medicine called cisapride or certain anti-histamine medicines (terfenadine or astemizole).
- if you are a woman.

Do not take bicalutamide if any of the above apply to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking bicalutamide.

Bicalutamide must not be given to children.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking bicalutamide:

- if you have any of the following: any heart or blood vessel conditions, including heart rhythm problems (arrhythmia), or are being treated with medicines for these conditions. The risk of heart rhythm problems may be increased when using bicalutamide.
- if you are taking blood thinners or medicines to prevent blood clots.
- if you have problems with your liver.
- if you have diabetes and are already taking an ‘LHRH analogue’. These include goserelin, buserelin, leuprorelin and triptorelin.

- if you go into hospital, tell the medical staff that you are taking bicalutamide.
- if you are taking bicalutamide, you and/or your partner should use birth control while you are taking bicalutamide and for 130 days after stopping bicalutamide. Talk to your doctor if you have any questions about birth control.

Other medicines and Bicalutamide

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes medicines obtained without a prescription and herbal medicines. This is because bicalutamide can affect the way other medicines work. Also some other medicines can affect the way bicalutamide works.

Do not take bicalutamide if you are already taking any of the following medicines:

- Cisapride (used for some types of indigestion).
- Certain anti-histamine medicines (terfenadine or astemizole).

Bicalutamide might interfere with some medicines used to treat heart rhythm problems (e.g. quinidine, procainamide, amiodarone and sotalol) or might increase the risk of heart rhythm problems when used with some other drugs [e.g. methadone (used for pain relief and part of drug addiction detoxification), moxifloxacin (an antibiotic), antipsychotics (used for serious mental illnesses)].

Also, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any of the following medicines:

- Blood thinners taken by mouth to prevent blood clots (oral anti-coagulants) e.g. warfarin, phenprocoumon.
- Ciclosporin (to suppress your immune system).
- Calcium channel blockers (to treat high blood pressure or some heart conditions).
- Cimetidine (for stomach problems).
- Ketoconazole (to treat infections caused by a fungus).

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility

Bicalutamide must not be taken by women, including pregnant women or mothers who are breast-feeding.

Bicalutamide may have an effect on male fertility which could be reversible.

Driving and using machines

Bicalutamide is not likely to affect you being able to drive or use any tools or machines. However, if you feel sleepy and / or dizzy take care with these activities.

Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets contains lactose

This medicine contains lactose monohydrate, which is a type of sugar. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

3. How to take Bicalutamide

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

- The recommended dose for an adult is one tablet each day.
- Swallow the tablet whole with a drink of water.
- Try to take your tablet at the same time each day.
- Do not stop taking this medicine even if you feel well, unless your doctor tells you to.

If you take more Bicalutamide then you should

If you take more bicalutamide than prescribed by your doctor, talk to a doctor or go to a hospital straight away.

If you forget to take Bicalutamide

- If you forget to take a dose, skip the missed dose and take next dose as usual.
- Do not take a double dose (two doses at the same time) to make up for forgotten dose.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist or nurse.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Allergic reactions:

These are **uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)**.

The symptoms can include sudden onset of:

- Rash, itching or hives on the skin.
- Swelling of the face, lips, tongue, throat or other parts of the body.
- Shortness of breath, wheezing or trouble breathing.

If this happens to you, **see a doctor straight away**.

Also tell your doctor straight away if you notice any of the following:**Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people):**

- Pain in your abdomen.
- Blood in your urine.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- Yellowing of the skin or whites of your eyes (jaundice). These may be signs of liver problems or in rare cases (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people) liver failure.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- Serious shortness of breath or shortness of breath which suddenly gets worse. This may be with a cough or high temperature (fever). These may be signs of an inflammation of the lungs called 'interstitial lung disease'.

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

- Changes in ECG (QT prolongation).

Other possible side effects:**Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)**

- Dizziness.
- Constipation.
- Feeling sick (nausea).
- Swelling and tenderness of your breasts.
- Hot flushes.
- Feeling weak.
- Swelling.
- Low levels of red blood cells (anaemia). This may make you feel tired or look pale.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

- Loss of appetite.
- Reduced sex drive.

- Depression.
- Feeling sleepy.
- Indigestion.
- Wind (flatulence).
- Hair loss.
- Hair re-growth or growth of extra hair.
- Dry skin.
- Itching.
- Skin rash.
- Being unable to get an erection (impotence).
- Weight gain.
- Chest pain.
- Reduced heart function.
- Heart attack.

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people)

- Increased skin sensitivity to sunlight.

Your doctor may do blood tests to check for any changes to your blood.

Do not be concerned by this list of possible side effects. You may not get any of them.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

You can also report side effects directly (see details below). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

For the UK:

You can report side effects directly via the Yellow card Scheme
www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard

For Ireland:

You can also report side effects directly via
 HPRA Pharmacovigilance,
 Earlsfort Terrace,
 IRL - Dublin 2;
 Tel: +353 1 6764971;
 Fax: +353 1 6762517.
 Website: www.hpra.ie;
 E-mail: medsafety@hpra.ie

5. How to store Bicalutamide

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of the month.

Do not use this medicine if you notice any visible signs of deterioration.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets contains:

- The active substance is bicalutamide. Each film-coated tablet contains 50 mg of bicalutamide.

Tablet core: The other ingredients are: Lactose monohydrate, sodium starch glycolate Type A, colloidal anhydrous silica, povidone K 30, magnesium stearate.

Film-coating: Opadry white Y-1-7000 which contains hypromellose 5 CP (E464), macrogol 400 and titanium dioxide (E171)).

What Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets looks like and contents of the pack

Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets is supplied as white to off white, circular, film coated biconvex tablets of 7 mm, debossed with 'DB01' on one side and plain on other side. The tablets are packed in blister packs containing 14, 28, 30, 50, 56, 60, 90 and 100 film-coated tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Fresenius Kabi Oncology Plc

Lion Court
Farnham Road, Bordon
Hampshire, GU35 0NF
United Kingdom

This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

Austria	Bicalutamid Kabi 50 mg Filmtabletten
Bulgaria	Bicalutamide Kabi 50 mg, film-coated tablets
Estonia	Bicalutamide Kabi 50 mg
Hungary	Bicalutamid Kabi 50 mg filmtabletta
Ireland	Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets
Lithuania	Bicalutamide Kabi 50 mg plėvele dengtos tabletės
Poland	Bicalutamide Kabi
Portugal	Bicalutamida Kabi
Romania	Bicalutamida Kabi 50 mg, comprimate filmate
Slovenia	Bikalutamid Kabi 50 mg filmsko obložene tablete
United Kingdom	Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets

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