

## **Package leaflet: Information for the user**

### **Tiger Balm Red Ointment**

camphor, levomenthol, cajuput oil, clove oil

**Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.**

Always use this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- Ask your pharmacist if you need more information or advice.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.
- You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better or if you feel worse after 2 weeks.

#### **What is in this leaflet**

1. What Tiger Balm is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you use Tiger Balm
3. How to use Tiger Balm
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Tiger Balm
6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### **1. What Tiger Balm is and what it is used for**

Tiger Balm can be used by adults and children over 2 years of age to give temporary relief from **minor muscular aches and pains**.

You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better or if you feel worse after 2 weeks.

#### **2. What you need to know before you use Tiger Balm**

##### **Do not use Tiger Balm**

- If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to camphor, menthol, clove oil or cajuput oil or any of the other ingredients of Tiger Balm (listed in Section 6).
- If you have any sort of skin disease.
- In children less than two years of age.
- On open wounds or on inflamed or irritated skin.
- You must contact a doctor if your muscular aches and pains worsen or do not improve after 2 weeks.

##### **Warnings and precautions**

- Keep Tiger Balm away from the delicate and moist linings in or around the eyes, mouth, nose, vagina (the birth canal) and the urethra (the tube that carries urine from the bladder).
- Do not bandage areas where you have applied Tiger Balm.
- Do not smoke or go near naked flames - risk of severe burns. Fabric (clothing, bedding, dressings etc) that has been in contact with this product burns more easily and is a serious fire hazard. Washing clothing and bedding may reduce product build-up but not totally remove it.
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##### **Other medicines and Tiger Balm**

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are using, have recently used or might use any other medicines.

### **Pregnancy and breast-feeding**

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before using this medicine.

- Avoid excessive use if you are pregnant or breast-feeding.

### **3. How to use Tiger Balm**

Always use this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist have told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist or nurse if you are not sure.

Tiger Balm Red is for external use only.

Follow the recommended instructions below and wash hands after use:

- **For muscular aches and pains (Adults and children aged 2 years and older):** rub gently on the affected parts of the skin as necessary, usually 2 or 3 times a day.
- If your condition does not improve after two weeks or gets worse, seek medical advice.
- **Do not use on children under two years of age.**

### **Use in children**

- **Do not use on children under two years of age.**
- In the case of accidental swallowing of Tiger Balm by a child, it is important to consult a physician without delay who can provide any necessary treatment. Do not try to induce vomiting.

### **If you forget to use Tiger Balm**

Do not apply a double quantity to make up for a forgotten application.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

### **4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, Tiger Balm can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

**Frequency not known** (cannot be estimated from the available data).

- Tiger Balm may occasionally cause irritation to the skin, such as rashes or contact dermatitis. If this occurs, discontinue use and seek medical advice immediately.
- Burns at application site.

### **Reporting of side effects**

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly (see details below).

HPRA Pharmacovigilance

Website: [www.hpra.ie](http://www.hpra.ie)

e-mail: [medsafety@hpra.ie](mailto:medsafety@hpra.ie)

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

### **5. How to store Tiger Balm**

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25°C.

Do not use Tiger Balm after the Expiry date which is stated on the base of the jar and the carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help to protect the environment.

## **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

### **What Tiger Balm contains**

- The active substances are camphor 11.0%w/w, levomenthol 10.0%w/w, cajuput oil 7.0%w/w and clove oil 5.0%w/w.
- The other ingredients are cinnamon oil, dementholised mint oil, yellow soft paraffin and hard paraffin.

### **What Tiger Balm looks like and contents of the pack**

Tiger Balm Red is a reddish-brown, oily ointment. The ointment is supplied in tins containing 4g or 8g or in screw top jars containing 19g or 30g. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **Marketing Authorisation Holder :**

#### **Chefaro Ireland DAC**

The Sharp Building  
Hogan Place  
Dublin 2  
Ireland

### **Manufacturer (site of batch release in the EEA):**

Perrigo Supply Chain International DAC, The Sharp Building, 10-12 Hogan Place, Dublin 2, Ireland

### **This leaflet was last revised in April 2024**

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