

Package leaflet: Information for the patient

Ranolazine Accord 375 mg prolonged-release tablets
Ranolazine Accord 500 mg prolonged-release tablets
Ranolazine Accord 750 mg prolonged-release tablets
ranolazine

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Ranolazine Accord is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Ranolazine Accord
3. How to take Ranolazine Accord
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Ranolazine Accord
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Ranolazine Accord is and what it is used for

Ranolazine Accord is a medicine used in combination with other medicines to treat angina pectoris, which is a chest pain or discomfort that you feel anywhere along the upper part of your body between your neck and upper abdomen, often brought on by exercise or too much activity.

You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better or if you feel worse.

2. What you need to know before you take Ranolazine Accord

Do not take Ranolazine Accord

- if you are allergic to ranolazine or any of the other ingredients of this medicine listed in section 6 of this leaflet.
- if you have severe kidney problems.
- if you have moderate or severe liver problems.
- if you are using certain medicines to treat bacterial infections (clarithromycin, telithromycin), fungal infections (itraconazole, ketoconazole, voriconazol, posaconazol), HIV infection (protease inhibitors), depression (nefazodone) or heart rhythm disorders (e.g. quinidine, dofetilide, or sotalol).

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor before taking Ranolazine Accord:

- if you have mild or moderate kidney problems.
- if you have mild liver problems.
- if you have ever had an abnormal electrocardiogram (ECG).
- if you are elderly.
- if you have low weight (60 kg or less).
- if you have heart failure.

Your doctor may decide to give you a lower dose or take other precautions if any of these apply to you.

Using other medicines and Ranolazine Accord

Do not use the following medicines if you take Ranolazine Accord:

- certain medicines to treat bacterial infections (clarithromycin, telithromycin), fungal infections (itraconazole, ketoconazole, voriconazole, posaconazole), HIV infection (protease inhibitors), depression (nefazodone), or heart rhythm disorders (e.g. quinidine, dofetilide, or sotalol).

Tell your doctor or pharmacist before you take Ranolazine Accord if you use:

- certain medicines to treat a bacterial infection (erythromycin), or a fungal infection (fluconazole), a medicine used to prevent rejection of a transplanted organ (cyclosporin), or if you are taking some heart tablets such as diltiazem or verapamil. These medicines may cause an increase in the number of side effects, such as dizziness, nausea, or vomiting, which are possible side effects of Ranolazine Accord (see section 4). Your doctor may decide to give you a lower dose.
- medicines to treat epilepsy or another neurologic disorder (e.g. phenytoin, carbamazepine, or phenobarbital); are taking rifampicin for an infection (e.g. tuberculosis); or are taking the herbal remedy St. John's Wort, as these medicines may cause Ranolazine Accord to be less effective.
- heart medicines containing digoxin or metoprolol, as your doctor may want to change the dose of this medicine whilst you are taking Ranolazine Accord.
- certain medicines to treat allergies (e.g. terfenadine, astemizole, mizolastine), heart rhythm disorders (e.g. disopyramide, procainamide), and depression (e.g. imipramine, doxepin, amitriptyline), as these medicines may affect your ECG.
- certain medicines to treat depression (bupropion), psychosis, HIV infection (efavirenz), or cancer (cyclophosphamide).
- certain medicines to treat high levels of cholesterol in the blood (e.g. simvastatin, lovastatin, atorvastatin). These medicines may cause muscle pain and muscle injury. Your doctor may decide to change the dose of this medicine while you are taking Ranolazine Accord.
- certain medicines used to prevent transplanted organ rejection (e.g. tacrolimus, cyclosporin, sirolimus, everolimus) as your doctor may decide to change the dose of this medicine while you are taking Ranolazine Accord.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are using or have recently used or might use any other medicines.

Ranolazine Accord with food and drink

Ranolazine Accord can be taken with or without food. While being treated with Ranolazine Accord, you should not drink grapefruit juice.

Pregnancy

You should not take Ranolazine Accord if you are pregnant unless your doctor has advised you to do so.

Breast-feeding

You should not take Ranolazine Accord if you are breast-feeding. Ask your doctor for advice if you are breast-feeding.

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines

No studies on the effects of Ranolazine Accord on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed. Ask your doctor for advice about driving or using machines.

Ranolazine Accord may cause side effects such as dizziness (common), blurred vision (uncommon), confusional state (uncommon), hallucination (uncommon), double vision (uncommon), coordination problems (rare), that may affect your ability to drive or use machines. If you experience these symptoms, do not drive or operate machinery until they have resolved completely.

Ranolazine Accord 750 mg prolonged-release tablets contain the azo colouring agent E102. This colouring agent- may cause allergic reactions.

This medicine contains lactose monohydrate. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per prolonged-release tablet, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

3. How to take Ranolazine Accord

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor if you are not sure.

Always swallow the tablets whole with water. Do not crush, suck, or chew the tablets or break them in half, as this might affect the way the medicine is released from the tablets into your body.

The starting dose for adults is one 375 mg tablet twice a day. After 2–4 weeks, your doctor may increase the dose to get the right effect. The maximum dose of Ranolazine Accord is 750 mg twice a day.

It is important that you tell your doctor if you get side effects such as dizziness or feeling or being sick. Your doctor may lower your dose or, if this is not sufficient, stop treatment with Ranolazine Accord.

Use in children and adolescents

Children and adolescents under 18 years old should not take Ranolazine Accord.

If you take more Ranolazine Accord than you should

If you accidentally take too many Ranolazine Accord tablets or take a higher dose than recommended by your doctor, it is important that you tell your doctor at once. If you cannot contact your doctor, go to the nearest accident and emergency department. Take along any tablets that are left, including the container and the carton, so that the hospital staff can easily tell what you have taken.

If you forget to take Ranolazine Accord

If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember unless it is nearly time (less than 6 hours) to take your next dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

You should stop taking Ranolazine Accord and see your doctor immediately if you experience the following symptoms of angioedema, which is a rare condition but can be severe:

- swollen face, tongue, or throat
- difficulty swallowing

- hives or difficulty breathing

Tell your doctor if you experience common side effects such as dizziness or feeling sick or vomiting. Your doctor may lower your dose or stop treatment with Ranolazine Accord.

Other side effects you may experience include the following:

Common side effects (occur in 1 to 10 users in 100) are:

- Constipation
- Dizziness
- Headache
- Feeling sick, vomiting
- Feeling weak

Uncommon side effects (occur in 1 to 10 users in 1,000) are:

- Altered sensation
- Anxiety, difficulty sleeping, confusional state, hallucination
- Blurred vision, visual disturbance
- Changes in sensation (touch or taste), tremor, feeling tired or sluggish, sleepiness or drowsiness, faint or fainting, dizziness upon standing
- Dark urine, blood in urine, difficulty urinating
- Dehydration
- Difficulty breathing, cough, nose bleed
- Double vision
- Excessive sweating, itching
- Feeling swollen or bloated
- Hot flushes, low blood pressure
- Increases in a substance called creatinine or increases in urea in your blood, increase in blood platelets or white blood cells, changes in ECG heart tracing
- Joint swelling, pain in extremity
- Loss of appetite and/or weight loss
- Muscle cramp, muscle weakness
- ringing in the ears and/or feeling a spinning sensation
- Stomach pain or discomfort, indigestion, dry mouth, or wind

Rare side effects (occur in 1 to 10 users in 10,000) are:

- A lack of ability to urinate
- Abnormal laboratory values for liver
- Acute kidney failure
- Change in sense of smell, numbness in mouth or lips, impaired hearing
- Cold sweat, rash
- Coordination problems
- Decrease in blood pressure upon standing
- Decreased or loss of consciousness
- Disorientation
- Feeling of coldness in hands and legs
- Hives, allergic skin reaction
- Impotence
- Inability to walk due to imbalance
- Inflammation of pancreas or intestine
- Loss of memory
- Throat tightness
- Low level of sodium in the blood (hyponatremia) which can cause tiredness and confusion, muscle twitching, cramps, and coma.

Not known side effects (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data) are:

Myoclonus

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via

[HPRA Pharmacovigilance](#),

[Website: www.hpra.ie](http://www.hpra.ie).

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Ranolazine Accord

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the outer carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicine does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Ranolazine Accord contains

The active substance in Ranolazine Accord is ranolazine. Each tablet contains 375 mg, 500 mg, or 750 mg ranolazine.

The other ingredients are: microcrystalline cellulose, Methacrylic acid-ethyl acrylate copolymer (1:1), hypromellose E5, sodium hydroxide, magnesium stearate.

Depending on the tablet strength, the tablet coatings also contain:

375 mg tablet: hypromellose 2910 (E464), lactose monohydrate, titanium dioxide (E171), macrogol (E1521), triacetin, FD&C blue #2/indigo carmine aluminium lake (E132)

500 mg tablet:. hypromellose 2910 (E464), lactose monohydrate, titanium dioxide (E171), macrogol (E1521), triacetin, iron oxide yellow (E172), iron oxide red (E172)

750 mg tablet: hypromellose 2910 (E464), lactose monohydrate, titanium dioxide (E171), triacetin, FD&C blue #1/brilliant blue FCF aluminium lake (E133) and FD&C yellow #5/tartrazine aluminium lake (E102)

What Ranolazine Accord looks like and contents of the pack

Ranolazine Accord prolonged-release tablets are oval shaped tablets.

The 375 mg tablets are pale blue coloured, oval shaped, approximate 15.0 × 7.5 mm, film coated tablet debossed with “HI3” on one side and plain on another side.

The 500 mg tablets are light orange coloured, oval shaped, approximate 16.5 × 8.1 mm, film coated tablet debossed with “HI1” on one side and plain on the other side.

The 750 mg tablets are pale green coloured, oval shaped, approximate 19.1 × 9.3 mm, film coated tablets debossed with “HI4” on one side and plain on the other side.

Ranolazine Accord is packed PVC/PVDC/Aluminium blisters containing 30, 60 or 100 tablets in a carton.

Not all pack-sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Accord Healthcare Ireland Ltd
Euro House
Euro Business Park
Little Island
Cork T45 K857
Ireland

Manufacturers

Accord Healthcare Polska Sp.z.o.o.
Ul. Lutomierska 50, 95-200,
Pabianice, Poland

Accord Healthcare B.V.
Winthontlaan 200,
3526 KV Utrecht, Netherland

Pharmadox Healthcare Limited
KW20A Kordin Industrial Park,
Paola PLA 3000, Malta

This medicine is authorised in the Member States of the European Economic Area under the following names:

Name of the Member State	Name of the medicine
Austria	Ranolazin Accord 375/500/750 mg Retardtabletten
Germany	Ranolazin Accord 375/500/750 mg Retardtabletten
Estonia	Ranolazine Accord
Lithuania	Ranolazine Accord 375/500/750 mg pailginto atpalaidavimo tabletės
Latvia	Ranolazine Accord 375/500/750 mg ilgstošās darbības tabletes
Croatia	Ranolazin Accord 375/500/750 mg tablete s produženim oslobađanjem
Cyprus	Ranolazine Accord 375/500/750 mg δισκία παρατεταμένης αποδέσμευσης
Italy	Ranolazine Accord
Ireland	Ranolazine Accord 375/500/750 mg prolonged-release tablets

This leaflet was last revised in November 2025